TÜRKİYE ODALAR VE BORSALAR BİRLİĞİ



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: E-34221550-720-13479 Savı

Tarih: 22.12.2022

Konu : Kırgızistan Cumhuriyeti'nin Şişelenmiş Su Üretim Potansiyeli

TÜM ODA VE BORSALARA (Genel Sekreterlik)

İlgi : Kırgızistan Ankara Büyükelçiliği'nin 08.12.2022 tarihli e-postası.

İlgide kayıtlı e-posta mesajında, Kırgızistan Cumhuriyeti'nin şişelenmiş su üretim potansiyeli hakkında bilgilendirmeler yer almaktadır. Ayrıca, Kırgız Cumhuriyeti hükümetinin şişelenmiş su üretimini arttırmak için modern tesisler kurduğu belirtilmektedir.

Projeye ilişkin detaylı bilgi ekteki broşürde yer almaktadır.

Bilgilerini ve konunun ilgili üyelerinize duyurulmasını rica ederim.

Saygılarımla,

e-imza

Ali Emre YURDAKUL Genel Sekreter Yardımcısı

EK:

- 1- Information (1) (5 sayfa)
- 2- Bottled water (22 sayfa)
- 3- Potential of the Kyrgyz Republic for the production of bottled water (9 sayfa)

Bu belge, 5070 sayılı Elektronik İmza Kanununa göre Güvenli Elektronik İmza ile imzalanmıştır.



Potential of the Kyrgyz Republic for the production and export of bottled water

Kyrgyzstan is a country of majestic Tien Shan and Pamir-Alai mountain ranges, occupying 90 percent of the territory of this most beautiful pristine corner with rugged relief, located in the heart of Central Asia. The amazing views of this region, where there are 29 mountain peaks over 4,000 meters high and 45 peaks over 3,000 meters high, have earned this land the fame of the "Country of Heavenly Mountains".

In the Kyrgyz part of the Tien Shan mountains there are more than 2,000 high mountain lakes. Since ancient times, many legends about the origin of these picturesque natural mirrors have come down to us.

More than 8000 glaciers and eternal snows stretching over 8100 sq. kilometers, make up about 30% of the total area of Kyrgyzstan. Glaciers make up 4% of the country's territory.

Nature has generously endowed Kyrgyzstan with huge fresh water resources contained in vast glaciers, full-flowing rivers, large and small and large groundwater lakes reserves. The mountainous relief the formation allows and fresh accumulation of water reserves.





The total amount of available water reserves in Kyrgyzstan is estimated at 2458 km³, including 650 km³ of water (26.4%) stored in glaciers, 1745 km³ in lakes (71%), as well as 13 km³ of potential underground fresh and mineral-thermal water reserves.

Only in glaciers contains about 6.5 trillion. liters of fresh water. This is approximately 20 times the global bottled water consumption per year.

Given the significant water resources of Kyrgyzstan, as well as the growing demand in the world for bottled water, this industry seems to be very promising and deserves special attention for development and investment.

The source of natural glacial water is located in an ecologically clean, protected foothill zone of the Ala-Kush tract, the Ala-Archa National Park at an altitude of 2100 meters above sea level, which guarantees crystal purity and pristine taste and is considered unique. During the year, its chemical composition practically does not change. The water is lively, soft, saturated with minerals and practically devoid of natural salts.

Water is an excellent source of life activity. The low composition of mineralization makes the water ideal for daily consumption. Quenching your thirst with this water, you can not be afraid of the accumulation and deposition of mineral salts in the body. Water of melting ice, carrying the information of eternal spring and prosperity.

The flow rate of the natural water source (water content) is 4,320 cubic meters per day or 4,320,000 liters / day.

Even if 70% of this volume is used, 756 million liters of bottled water can be produced per year for the amount of 18.9 billion soms or \$225 million.

In 2021, the total export of bottled water from Kyrgyzstan amounted to \$226,000.

The potential of only one source of natural glacial water is 1000 times greater than the total export of bottled water.

The equipment for the plant can be divided into three components:

1) equipment for purification and disinfection of water;

2) a line for bottling water into PET bottles;

3) equipment for the production laboratory.

Water purification and disinfection equipment

The water treatment process can be divided into three parts: pre-treatment, advanced treatment and final treatment.

The pre-treatment system consists of multi-layer filters with quartz sand and activated carbon, softeners and filters to remove iron and manganese.

Advanced processing includes reverse osmosis membrane treatment.

The final treatment includes disinfection with ultraviolet and ozone.

Quartz sand filter

Removes organic matter,

microorganisms, chlorine and some heavy metal ions.

Activated carbon filter

Used to filter chlorine in water <0.1 PPM and has a significant effect on odor, organic matter, colloid and iron in water.

Sodium ion exchanger/water

softener

Used to remove calcium and magnesium ions from water, thereby softening the water.



Pic.1 Water filter system



Pic.2 Reverse Osmosis Cleaning Equipment

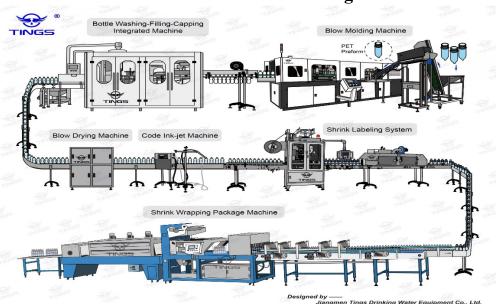
Filters with reverse osmosis technology are used to obtain drinking water from polluted or saline sources, as well as to solve industrial problems.

Most UV water disinfection plants use low mercury pressure lamps. When operating at this wavelength, water softens.

Pathogenic microorganisms can harm the human body only if they multiply in the body; when water is disinfected with ultraviolet light, this ability is lost and, as a result, any negative effect of microorganisms is excluded. Reverse osmosis technology is the most modern method that uses the principle of water molecules passing through a semi-permeable membrane under the influence of external pressure. With the help of the reverse osmosis process, it is possible to get rid of 98% of impurities dissolved in water (in industrial installations, the figure can reach 100%).



Pic.3 UV sterilizer



Water bottling line

Pic.4 Water bottling line

The water bottling line includes the following equipment:

1. PET bottle making machine;



2. 3 in 1 water filling machine: rinsing, filling, capping;



Pic.6

Pic.7

3. Labeling machine;



Pic.8

Pic.5

4. Packing machine



Pic.9



Drinking Water Treatment & Bottling Process for Export

Water Cluster Export Strategy using Eco-friendly Kyrgyzstan Environment

2022.06



In Water Solution Agro General Director of IWS Agro / Professor of SKKU / Adviser of Prime Minister's Officer in Kyrgyzstan

KIM, Ji-Hoon

Contents



Bottling Process



Drinking Water Treatment



Export Strategy



Bottling Process



- Total Bottling Process
 - **1**st Step : Drinking Water Treatment Process
 - 2nd Step : Bottling Process





• Whole Procedure of Bottling Process (PET bottle base)





정수처리

수축포장및손잡이부착

0.5L 제품은 20병, 2.0L 제품은

6병씩 포장하고, 들기 쉽게

손잡이를 부착합니다.

원수 수질이 우수하여

최소한의처리 공정만 거쳐

제품수 탱크에 저장됩니다.





취수 회산암반이 걸려낸 지하 420m 청정 지하수를 끌어올립니다.



자연 그대로의

파레트적재및랩핑

배송지까지 안전하게

외포장을 실시합니다.

운반할 수 있도록

원수를 저장합니다.



제품수 주입 용기세척,제품수주입, 밀봉까지 청정름에서 위생적으로 처리됩니다.



제조일자 날인 및 라벨부착 제조일 날인 및 라벨부착을 실시하고, 이에 대한 검사를 실시합니다.



Cap Production

Label Attaching

Knob Attaching





Bottling Inspection



Shrink Wrapping





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End Product Packing



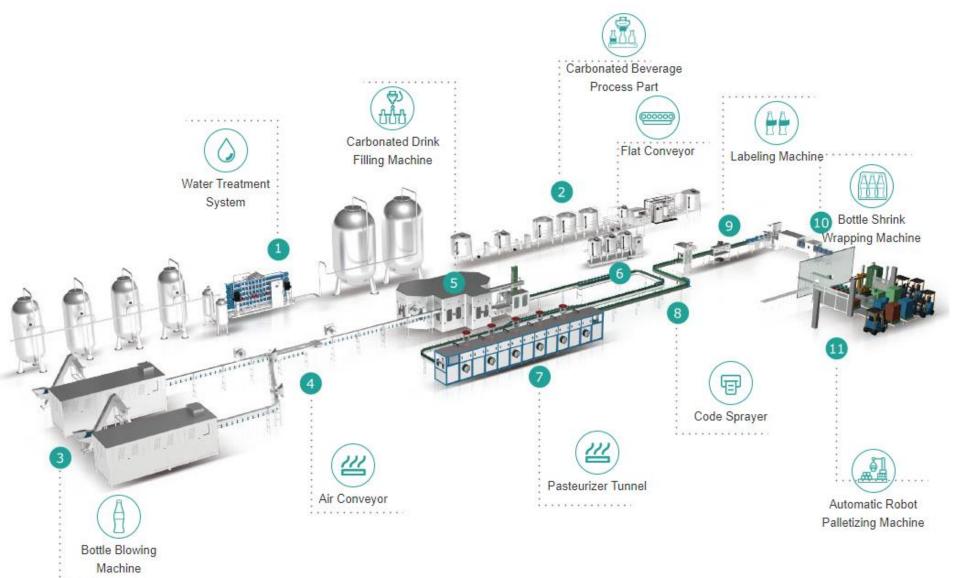






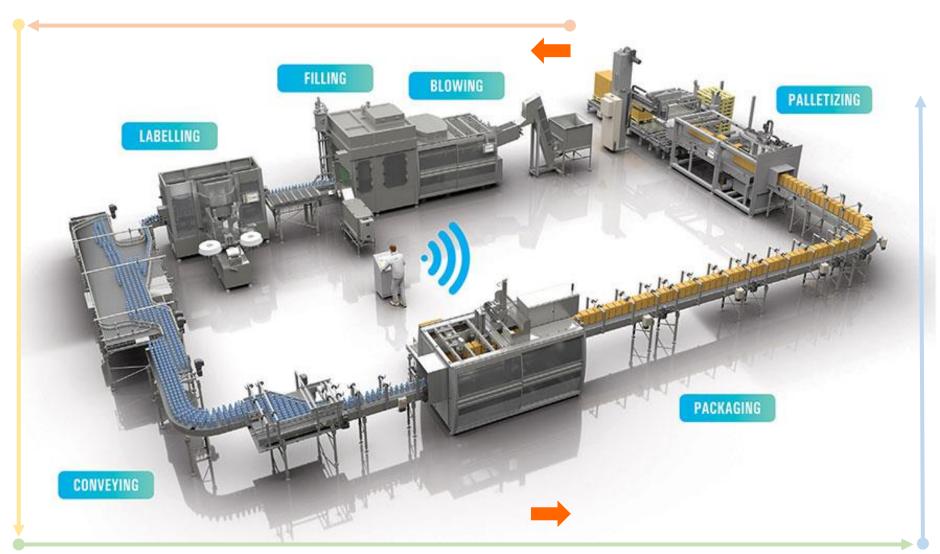


• Whole Procedure of Bottling Process (Carbonated Water + PET bottle base)



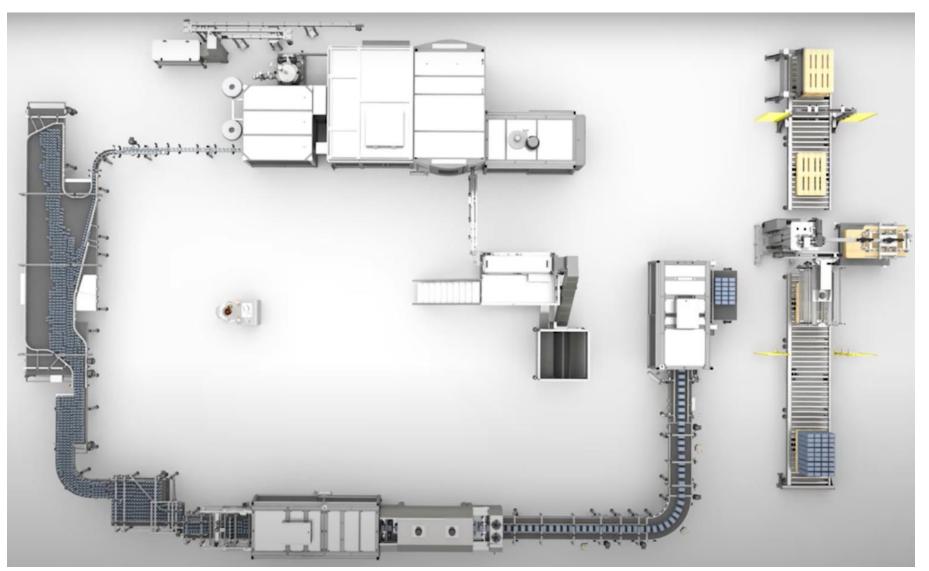


• 2nd Step: Bottling Process (Main Process)





• 2nd Step : Bottling Process (Main Process)





• PET making Process : Preform Injection Mold, Blow Mold, Blow Machine









• Bottling Main Equipment (PET base)









Automatic Thermal Shrink Packing Machine





• Bottling Main Equipment (PET base)

Single Side Sticker Labeling Machine



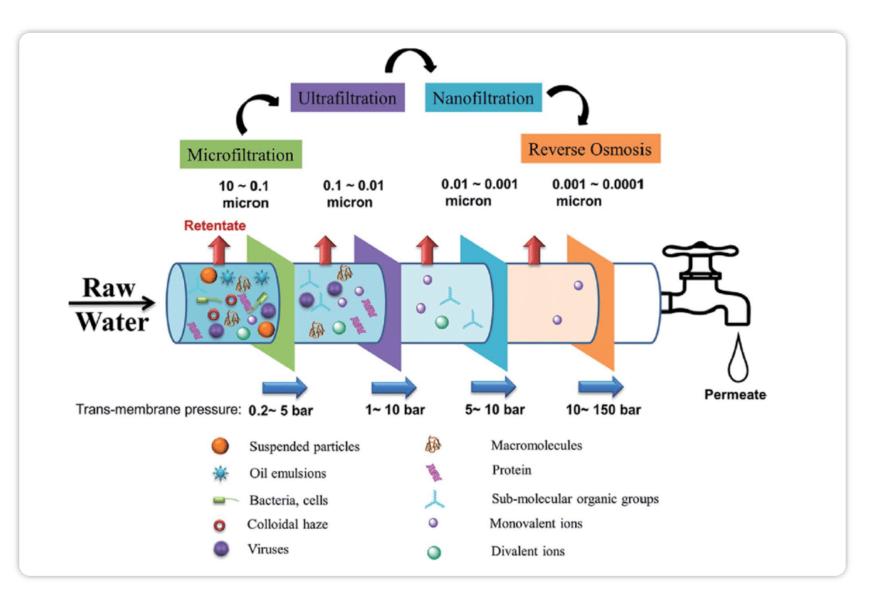


Drinking Water Treatment

I Drinking Water Treatment



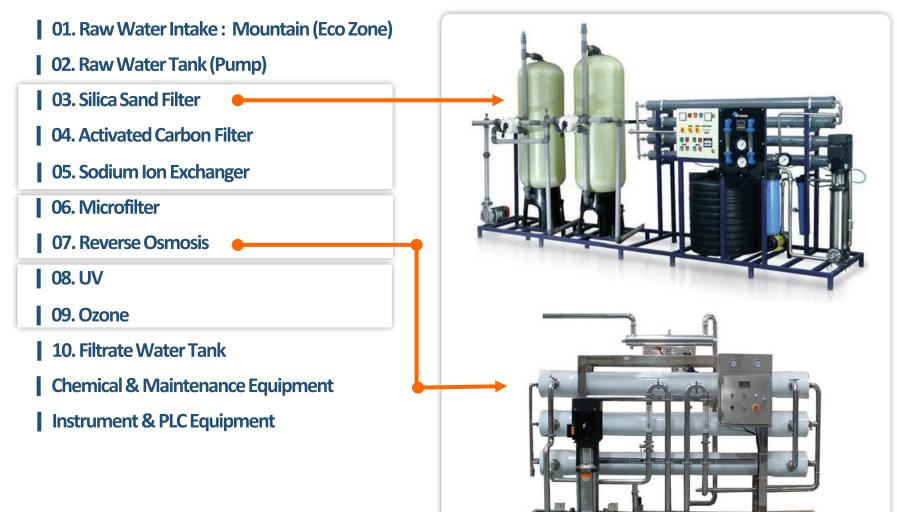
• Drinking Water Treatment Theory (1st Step)



I Drinking Water Treatment



• Drinking Water Treatment Process (1st Step)



I Drinking Water Treatment

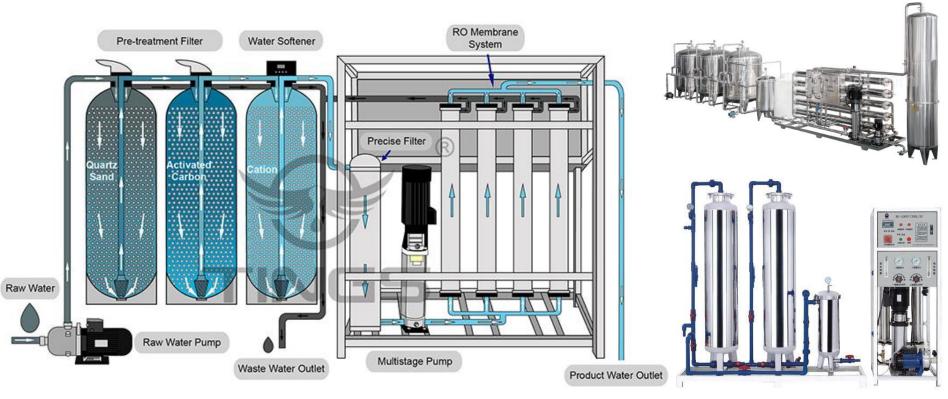
• Drinking Water Treatment Process (1st Step)

Intake : Well pump, Raw water Tank

Pre-treatment : Silica Sand Filter, Activated Carbon Filter, Sodium Ion Exchanger

Main-treatment : Microfilter, Reverse Osmosis

Post-treatment : UV, Ozone, Demineralization, Filtrate Tank



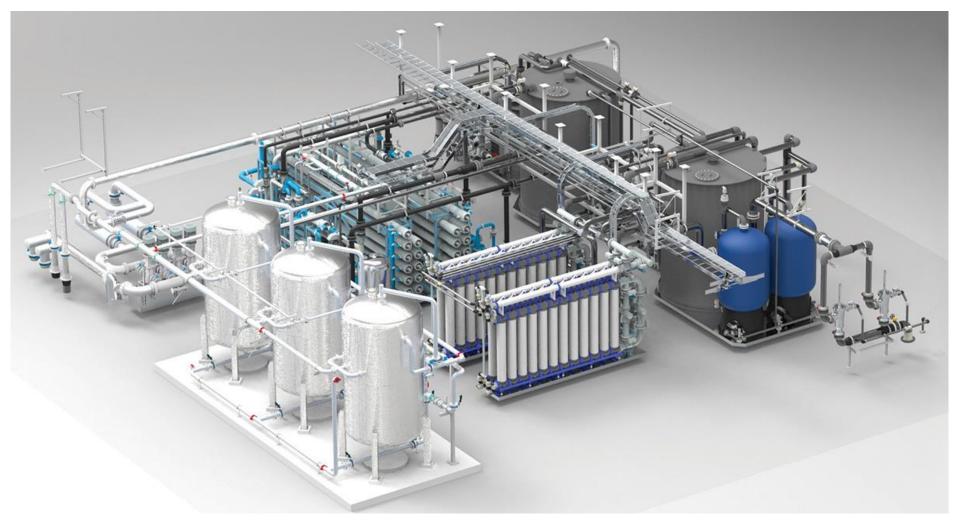


Drinking Water Treatment



• Drinking Water Treatment Plant (1st Step)

Membrane Technology base : Ultrafiltration + Reverse Osmosis



Ecxport Strategyc

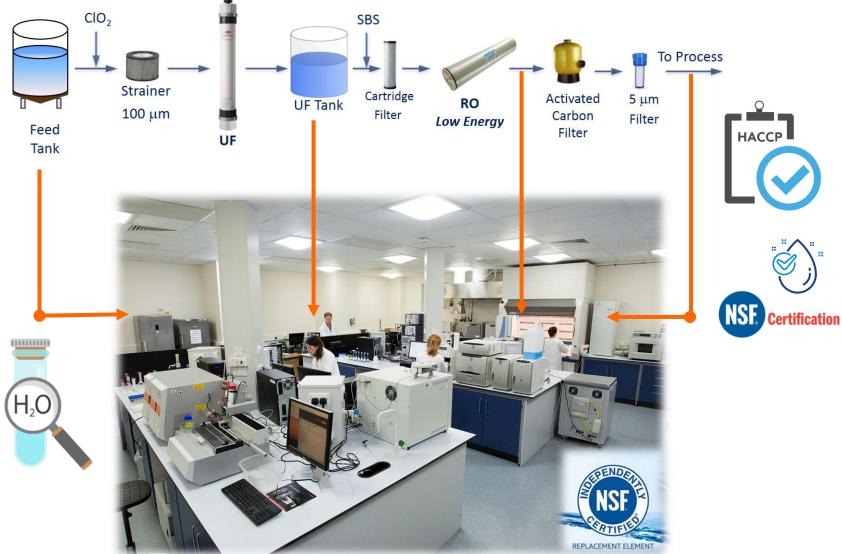
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- Eco-friendly Kyrgyzstan Brand
 - Mountain (Eco Zone)
 - Water Qualities
 - Kyrgyzstan Environment
- High Technology Plant for Bottle Export
 - EU, South KOREA (NO China)
 - Automation Plant (Clean Plant)
 - Membrane Technology
 - Good Infra & Utilities (Truck, Fork Lift, Machine, Store Room)
 - Water Analysis Lab, NSF, HACCP, Certificate
- Site Survey (22 June 2022) : SAEL vs Kyrgyzstan Standard
 - SAEL : Private, Kara Balta, 150 persons, UK (England) Certificate
 - Kyrgyzstan Standard : Public Official of MOE, Bishkek, 7 persons, Russia Loan (2021)
 - Output Independence, Site Accessibility, Manpower Expertise, Profitability & Sustainability
 - Maintenance Efficiency, Future Expandability, Regulation Connectivity & Obligation
 - Versatile Analysis Laboratory : Water, Agro (Soil), Air, Pesticide, Compost, Food, Quarantine



• Water Analysis & Certificate (HACCP, Global Bottling Water Regulation, Kyrgyzstan Drinking Water Standard)





Bottling Plant Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9lxrCKwwGKY

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=irf3gYmRMbU

Bottling Process Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=N_u9eBF_d80

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7AuHQRQzdbU

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4y_adRAlasw

Premium Bottling Marketing Video

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=MbL9ID9LwIk

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=neZgS5-ckEc



- Definition of Water Cluster
- Configuration of Water Cluster
- Incentive of Water Cluster
- Expected Effect of Water Cluster
- Future Plan (Road Map) of Water Cluster

Thank you for your attention







Production of bottled water in the Kyrgyz Republic

JSC "Kyrgyzindustry"

Bishkek 2022

Fresh water reserves of Kyrgyzstan



Lakes - 1745 cubic km; Glaciers - 650 cubic km; Groundwater - 13 cubic km; River drains - 52 cubic km; Renewable water resources - 46 cubic km

The total volume is 2458 cubic km

Glaciers alone hold 20 years of global bottled water consumption



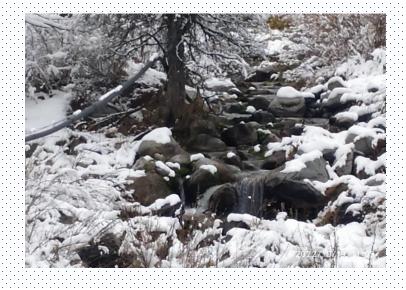




Gelen Tarih Sayı: 22.12.2022 - 6309 Source of natural glacial water in the National Park "Ala-Archa"







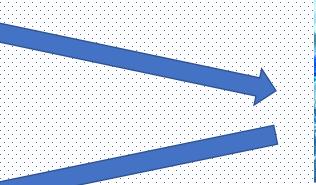
- 2100 meters above sea level
- Water from an ecologically clean, protected area
- Crystal clear and pristine taste
- Living and soft water, the chemical composition practically does not change
- Ideal for daily consumption
- No deposition of mineral salts in the body

The flow rate of the source (water content) is 4320 cubic meters/day or 4.32 million liters/day

Use of 70% of this volume

\$225 million/year





1000 times

756 million liters/year



Total exports of Kyrgyzstan \$226 thousand/year



Gelen Tarih Sayı: 22.12.2022 - 6309 Bottled water plant



Compliance with international standard ISO/TS 22002-1:2009 Food safety prerequisite programs. Part 1. Food production" Plant design according to HACCP principles



Water treatment



Filter system for mechanical water

purification

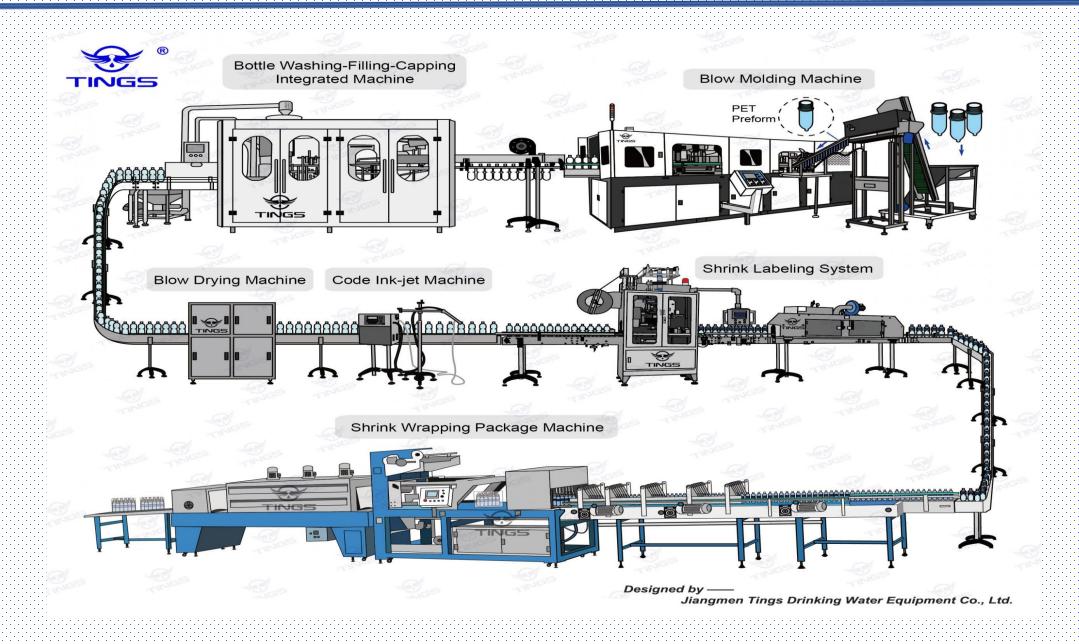
Ultraviolet water disinfection system







Water bottling



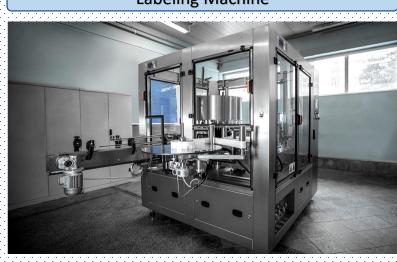
Water bottling equipment



Packing machine



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Thank you for your attention!